DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong. To all the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. II.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Thursday Morning, August 11, 1864. [No. 88.

Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (EXCEPT SUNDAYS)

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

—OF THE—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

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Job Work,

SUCH AS

MINING CERTIFICATES,
PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS,
BILL HEADS,

Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms

etc., - - - etc., - - - etc.,

IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

☞ All Communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ HIRAM S. TUTTLE is our Carrier, and authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Orders left for him at the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse Main Street, will be promptly attended to.

L. P. FISHER,

NO. 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

Notice.

Having been appointed by His Excellency, the Governor of California, a Commissioner of Deeds for the State of California, I am prepared to enter upon the duties thereof, at my office, in Main street, Great Salt Lake City, opposite Wm. Jennings' store.

Deeds, Transfers, Powers of Attorney, and all other legal papers made out on the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms.

Acknowledgements taken for any part of the United States. apr9-tf PATRICK LYNCH.

W. I. APPLEBY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW;

—AND—

Clerk of the U. S. Supreme Court of Utah.

DEBTS COLLECTED, DEEDS, POWERS OF ATTORNEY, etc., carefully drawn up for the States and Europe. Depositions, Acknowledgments, etc., taken according to law, for any of the States or Territories. Declarations for Citizenship attended to at the shortest notice and on liberal terms.

☞ Office at my residence, on Market street, one and a half blocks west of the Market House, Great Salt Lake City. may23-tf

JAMES LINFORTH,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

306 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Sight Drafts on Salt Lake City, Utah Territory.
" " " Austin, Nevada Territory.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. jy2tf

TELEGRAPH COAL BED.

$4 per ton.

PARTIES can be supplied with Coal at this mine at the above rate.

Orders left at the Telegraph Office or at the Mine will be promptly attended to.

GEO. W. CARLETON.

Great Salt Lake City, April 6th, 1864. apr6tf

LATEST OPENING!

SLIGHT & CO.

Respectfully inform the public that they have just received their splendid stock of

Gentlemens' Clothing and Furnishing Goods;

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

BLANKETS,

RUBBER GOODS,

NOTIONS, ETC.,

which they offer for sale at

Eastern Prices,

in the newly fitted up premises,

Cor. Main and 1st South Temple Sts.

Our Goods being all lately and most carefully selected in the

Great Eastern Market,

SURPASS IN ELEGANCE AND LATEST STYLES,

ANYTHING EVER BROUGHT TO THIS FAR WEST.

CALL AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES

SIEGEL & CO.,

jy16tf Corner of Main and 1st South Temple Sts.

Co-Partnership Notice.

WE have this day associated with us in business Messrs. Conrad Prag and Abraham Gans, of San Francisco, and the firm will hereafter be styled Ransohoff & Co., instead of Ransohoff Bro., as heretofore.

RANSOHOFF BRO.

S. L. City, April 4th, 1864. apr6tf

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA,

Corner of Washington and Battery Sts.,

San Francisco.

THIS Bank is open for the transaction of a General Banking business. Will receive deposits, attend to the Collection of Paper, and draw Exchange by TELEGRAPH or otherwise, on New York, London, Dublin, etc., on the most favorable terms.

D. O. MILLS, President. WM. C. RALSTON, Cashier.

San Francisco, July 5, 1864.—jy15-1m

W. C. GOODRICH. GEO. TROWBRIDGE.

GOODRICH HOUSE,

Bannack City ..... Idaho Territory

THIS HOUSE is now open for the accommodation of the Public, with

Good Beds, and Tables

That will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

Good Corral and Stables near the premises.

my16m6 W. C. GOODRICH & CO.

California and Nevada Volunteers' RESTAURANT.

THE undersigned having re-built and furnished the above Restaurant at Camp Douglas, is now prepared to accommodate all who may give him a call, in a manner never before equaled in this place. The table will always be furnished with the best the market affords.

aug3-tf JULIEN AVET, Prop'r.

FAUST'S STABLES,

SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE ST., G. S. L. CITY.

The undersigned are prepared to accommodate the public with Hacks, Carriages, Buggies, Saddles and Saddle Horses.

The only Horse market in the city. Stock sold by public or private sale.

Hacks run to the Warm Springs every morning and evening. (jy16tf) FOX & FAUST.

THE BURIAL OF MOSES.

And he buried him in a Valley in the land of Moab, over against Bethpeor; but no man knoweth his sepulchre unto this day.—Deut. 34:6.

By Nebo's lonely mountain,
On this side of Jordan's wave,
In a vale in the land of Moab
There lies a lonely grave,
But no man dug that sepulchre,
And no man saw it e'er;
For the Angels of God upturned the sod,
And laid the dead man there.

That was the grandest funeral
That ever passed on earth;
But no man heard the tramping,
Or saw the train go forth.
Noiselessly as the day light
Comes when the night is done,
And the crimson streak on ocean's cheek
Grows into the great sun;

Noiselessly as the Spring time
Her crown of verdure weaves,
And all the trees on all the hills
Open their thousand leaves;
So, without sound of music,
Or voice of them that wept,
Silently down from the mountain crown
The great procession swept.

Perchance the bald old eagle
On gray Beth-peor's hight,
Out of his rocky eyrie
Looked on the wondrous sight;
Perchance the lion stalking
Still shuns that hallowed spot;
For beast and bird have seen and heard
That which man knoweth not.

But when the warrior dieth,
His comrades in the war,
With arms reversed and muffled drum
Follow the funeral car;
They show the banners taken,
They tell the battles won,
And after him lead his masterless stead,
While peals the minute gun.

Amid the nobles of the land
Men lay the sage to rest,
And give the bard an honored place,
With costly marble dressed,
In the great minister-transept
Where lights like glories fall;
And the choir sings and the organ rings
Along the emblazoned wall.

This was the bravest warrior
That ever buckled sword;
This the most gifted poet
That ever breathed a word;
And never earth's philosopher
Traced with his golden pen
On the deathless page, truth half so sage
As he wrote down for men.

And had he not high honor?
The hill side for his pall;
To lie in state while angels wait,
With stars for tapers tall;
And the dark rock-pines, like tossing plumes,
Over his bier to wave,
And God's own hand, in that lonely land,
To lay him in the grave—

In that deep grave, without a name,
Whence his uncoffined clay
Shall break again—most wondrous thought—
Before the judgment day;
And stand with glory wrapped around,
On the hills he never trod,
And speak of the strife that won our life,
With the Incarnate Son of God.

Oh, lonely tomb in Moab's land,
Oh, dark Beth-peor's hill;
Speak to these curious hearts of ours,
And teach them to be still.
God hath his mysteries of grace,
Ways that we cannot tell;
He hides them deep, like the secret sleep
Of him he loved so well.

A KISS A VALID CONSIDERATION.—A Western court has recently decided that a kiss is a valid consideration. It seems that an old bachelor—these old bachelors, by the way, are useless institutions anyhow, you can fix it—offered a young lady a pony for a kiss. The young damsel accepted the offer and gave the kiss; but the mean old curmudgeon, after receiving the osculatory salute, refused to stand by his part of the contract. A suit was therefore entered, and the jury decided that the pony or its value should be given to the girl.

SPECIAL INCOME TAX.—The following joint resolution passed both Houses of Congress on the last day of the session, which closed July, 1864. It was intended that the law should apply to the salaries and incomes received in the year 1864, but by the wording of the bill it will be noticed that it applies to the year ending December 31st, 1863:—*Sac. Union.*

"*Be it resolved*, That in addition to the income duty already imposed by law, there shall be levied, assessed and collected on the 1st day of October, 1864, a special income duty upon the gains, profits or income for the year ending the 31st day of December next preceding the time herein named for levying, assessing and collecting said duty, of all persons residing in the United States, or of citizens of the United States residing abroad, at the rate of five per centum on all sums exceeding six hundred dollars; and the same shall be levied, assessed, collected and estimated, except as to the rate, according to the provisions of existing laws for the collection of an income duty annually, where not inapplicable thereto; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to make such rules as to time and mode or other matters to enforce the collection of the special income duty herein provided for as may be necessary; provided, that in estimating the annual gains, profits or income, no deduction shall be made for dividends or interest received from any association, corporation or company, nor shall any deduction be made for any salary or pay received."

"JACINTO" IN THE SAGE BRUSH.—From the Humboldt *Register* of July 16th we take the following extracts from "Jacinto's" last letter:

"A great deal of industry observable, this minute, in San Jacinto. Here is the Musquito Company: whilst I write, the cusses are busy sinking about fifty shafts on my face; [Semblins says they'll have to sink back about 35 years to come upon water,] running about eleven hundred shifts a minute. At the same time, the Guat company is working assessments on my forehead, and locating the Eye series."

* * * * * *

"The immigration has commenced pouring in. Glad to see it—as I anticipate a good lot of fun out of these pilgrims. I fear I found one to-day traveling in the wrong direction. He was boasting of the fine lands of Yolo county, California. I asked him if the land in that section was not covered with grants. He said no, it was mostly covered with wild oats. Well, roll along Mr. Immigration! Any fool can get to California; but it takes a smart man to get away from there.

"As the musquitos are getting thicker, and of larger size, I must close. They are now about as thick as fleas were in Placerville, in early days; dig up a bucket of sand and half of it would jump out before you'd carry it a rod."

DOING THE FAIR THING.—The rebel Congress has passed a bill fixing the rations to naval officers, which allows to admirals the same rations as generals have, and to vice-admirals the same as granted to lieutenant-generals. If they would now vote a few squadrons also to the admirals and vice-admirals, they would complete their outfit.

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG 11, 186

The Report of the "Committee?".

We have lately had a good deal to say concerning the Convention now in session and intend to keep on saying it, that the people who are most interested in these matters, may understand the motives of the originators of the scheme, or at all events, the inevitable results flowing from the course about to be pursued. Though we speak with feeling, it is without passion or interest. We sympathize with those who must bear the burthen of the heavy load attempted to be placed on their already bended backs. The poor and the needy, have few friends, and it is in their name and on their behalf that we write. Honestly and candidly, we can see no possible good to arise from this Convention, and there is no man so blind as not to see evil on evil accumulate. Were we not fully satisfied that "Ephraim is joined to his idols," and that the action of the Convention is foreordained by the few who expect to reap an abundant personal and pecuniary harvest from it, and whose word is law, we should continue to reason with and appeal to the members in the name of humanity, to stay their course. By what process of argumentation they arrive at their conclusions, we are not permitted to know, as nothing is given to the people of the proceedings, save what the master spirits allow to be printed.

In another column we re-print the report of the Committee appointed to present a tariff of prices for produce, and all know that they emanated—not from the Convention or the Committee, but from a hand, the crooking of whose little finger makes the whole body dance. Of course, the report of the Committee (!) will be adopted. It has been prepared for weeks, and the Convention has only assembled to give the appearance of popular action to a most unpopular measure. Were not the consequences so disastrous to the people at large; were it not that thousands of bleeding hearts will cry out in anguish against the imposition—the prices named—and which are to be enforced with all the power of a most potent Church organization, they would be simply ridiculous. Premising that Legal Tenders are the currency of the Territory as well as of the Nation, of which it is a component part, and that the laborer, the mechanic, and all others receive their wages and pay in them, let us see what these prices amount to. Flour at $12 per cwt. amounts to the enormous sum of *twenty-nine dollars and forty cents* at the present premium on gold. If there is any effectiveness in the action of the Convention, this is what you laboring men must pay for your flour, or go hungry. What one of you, diligent and industrious as you may be, can possibly afford to pay such prices for one single article of food necessary for the sustenance of yourself and family? Yet, we repeat, it is upon the poor that the burden falls with crushing weight. The army is supplied. Not one pound of flour is required from your granaries to supply a single soldier's wants. When the sleek teacher who expects to drive or wheedle you into compliance with this unrighteous scheme of speculators, whispers in you ear that the object is to make "Uncle Sam's minions" pay a round price for flour—hurl back on him the simple fact that Uncle Sam has provided elsewhere for his troops, and is sending full supplies from the East. The merchants and the few Gentiles among you, can well afford to pay the price demanded, for they have added the per centage to their goods and wares. The farmer, to-day gets no more yards of calico for a 100 lbs. of flour than when it sold for $4 per cwt.—while the laborer and others are, by their action, compelled to pay the enhanced prices for every article purchased.

Viewed in any light possible to be thrown upon it, this strike of the farmers under the dictation of the Church authority, can only be regarded as an outrage upon the mass of the people. Were there any reasonable excuse for it, it might be different. But there is none. The crops are abundant and prices, as regulated by the market, amply remunerative. But the utter selfishness of this whole movement is apparent in the concluding sentence of the Committee's report, viz: "In the adoption of the prices hereinafter named, your committee are of opinion that *mechanical and other labor will best regulate itself.*" Ye Gods! what wise political economists! The merest tyro in the science of human affairs, knows that since the world began the grand contest, the irrepressible conflict has been between capital and labor. Statesmen from time immemorial have taxed their brains and legislation to protect the latter from the encroachments of the former. But all in vain. Year after year and, season after season, have the laborer and mechanic been compelled, in sheer necessity, to strike for protection against the capitalist. No less true or universal is the rule that the produce market above all others can and does best regulate itself. Never before did the world hear of the farmer striking to secure remuneration for his toil. The holder and producer of the necessaries of life can easily protect himself—when the poor laborer and mechanic finds it impossible to do so. Yet these modern Solons reverse the history of the world and the teachings of all experience, and protect the rich farmer in his boundless surplus, and let the Lord take care of the poor—or let them take care of themselves.

We are glad to learn that the action of the Convention meets with the unqualified reprobation of scores among the people, who are to be the victims of this purely speculative action. It is even proposed to call a mass convention, springing really from the people, to take proper action in the premises and to protect the poorer from the action of the richer classes of the community. Let it be done and see how long the oligarchy will persist in their course.

Schedule of Prices.

Below we give the report of the Committee of the Convention, with the schedule of prices recommended. In view of the importance of the matter, we refrain from comment on the manner in which it is presented—the utter forgetfulness of Lindley Murray's rules, and offences against our mother tongue. For the purpose of presenting the whole matter in all its deformity and ridiculousness, we add the price of each article as it will be on the basis adopted by the Committee, taking the present premium on gold as the standard:

History of the past shows to us that well regulated Governments, States and Communities, have provided and secured the "Staff of Life" for the sustenance of the people, and

WHEREAS, Our isolated location and liability of our crops being destroyed by drought, frost, insects and other visitations, have given us an experience unusual in other regions and have learned us that both propriety and duty require us to advise and follow that course of deal and policy best calculated for self preservation, and,

WHEREAS, The productions of the country are a necessity touching the very existence of our settlements in these mountain valleys, and,

WHEREAS, Humanity requires us to take into consideration the wants of the present population and the incoming emigration of many thousands, and,

WHEREAS, We have nought upon which to rely but the present harvest, already in many places seriously lessened by drought and frost,

THEREFORE, To provide for the present and future necessities of ourselves and dependents and to save our wheat from being fed to animals and retained in the country to be distributed to the needy in times of scarcity, we recommend that the following prices (in Government currency when it is at par, increasing that price to correspond with the premium on gold) be adopted and sustained.

In the adoption of prices hereinafter named, your committee are of the opinion that mechanical and other labor will best regulate itself:

	Scale.	Financial currency.
Flour,	$12 00 per cwt.	$29 40
Wheat,	5 00 per bush.	12 25
Corn,	4 00 " "	9 80
Barley,	3 50 " "	8 57
Oats,	3 00 " "	7 35
Potatoes,	2 00 " "	4 90
Beets and Carrots,	1 00 " "	2 45
Onions,	4 00 " "	9 80
Beans,	6 00 " "	14 70
Peas,	4 00 " "	9 80
Butter,	50 per lb.	1 47
Cheese,	40 " "	98
Eggs,	20 per doz.	49
Beef, on foot,	10 per lb.	24 50
Mutton,	12 1-2 per lb.	30 63
Pork,	20 per lb.	49
Molasses,	3 00 per gal.	7 35
Hay,	30 00 per ton.	73 50
Wood,	12 00 per cord.	29 40

If that don't make the poor squirm, they can stand anything.

TREASURY SOLDIERS.—The amount of money in the Treasury of California (raised by the sale of State bonds for the purpose of paying the extra pay due discharged volunteers of that State) is, as we are credibly informed, exhausted, and recourse must be once more had by the State Treasurer to the sale of bonds. Of course this will be done at as early a moment as practicable, and we advise soldiers who hold papers entitling them to such extra pay, to have a little patience, hold on to their papers, and in a short time they will see the gold.

FARE TO VIRGINIA CITY, (MONTANA TY.)—By an advertisement in another column, it will be seen that from and after Monday next, (the 15th inst.,) the fare by the coaches of the Overland Stage Line to Virginia City, Montana Territory, will be but $25 (Legal Tenders). We did not see how they could afford it when they advertised a passage for $50, and "phancy our pheelinks" now that it costs but $25 Treasury Notes to go up to the mining country. Language is garrulous and inadequate, etc.

MEADOW VALLEY MINING DISTRICT.—As there was an inaccuracy in the boundary of this District, as published some months since in the VEDETTE, we to-day republish the laws, giving the correct boundaries as adopted by the Miners' meeting on the 18th of March last. It will be seen that the District is laid off 60 miles squre, instead of 30 miles, as appeared in the incorrect publication heretofore made.

POLLOCK LODE (WEST MOUNTAIN DISTRICT).—We were shown on yesterday a small pellet of pure silver, extracted from about one ounce of the outcropping rock from this lode, which by assay turns out some $280 in silver to the ton, besides exhibiting a very distinct trace of gold. This is believed by parties conversant with the mines, to be one of the best lodes yet struck in any portion of the district.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

WASHINGTON, August 8th.

A dispatch from Gen. Butler to the President, says: Richmond papers this a. m. have the following:

MOBILE, August 5th.

To J. A. Sedden, Secretary of War: Seventeen of the enemy's vessels—fourteen ships and three iron-clads—passed Fort Morgan this a. m. The *Trent* was sunk in passing. The *Tennessee*, surrendered after a desperate engagement with the enemy's fleet. Admiral Buchanan lost a leg and is a prisoner. The *Selma* was captured; the *Gaines* was beached near the hospital; the *Morgan* is safe, and will try to run up to-night. The enemy's fleet have approached the city. A monitor has been engaging Fort Powell all day. Signed: D. H. MARCY,
Major-General.

"Army of the Potomac letter dated Saturday, says: A party of deserters started to come into our lines yesterday morning at an early hour, our gunners not knowing their intention, fired on them, killing several, the remainder arrived at head quarters Saturday noon, some of them badly wounded.

A Fortress Monroe dispatch says: A terrific fight took place from Petersburg on Friday p. m., lasting from 5½ to 7½, it commenced by a charge from the enemy, which was repulsed with slaughter, they also exploded a mine, which however, did no damage to our troops or works, but killed some of the rebels. Fighting on our side was done principally by the 9th corps and was most desperate.

A new military division has been formed, known as the Middle Military Division, Gen. Sheridan is assigned command, head-quarters to be at Harper's Ferry. The division will be composed of the department of Washington, department of Susquehanna, middle department and department of Western Virginia. No change is made in the present heads of departments, but Gen. Sheridan is placed in command of troops in the field in the departments. Gen. Hooker has gone to New York. He has declined the proposition to recruit a new corps to be commanded by himself.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 8th.

Col. Bowles telegraphs to head quarters from New Madrid, that he has just returned from a seventeen days scout in the eastern, north-western and north-western counties of Arkansas, during which he killed fifty rebels, wounded forty, and captured 200 arms, 200 horses and mules, and took 57 prisoners. His loss is only three wounded.

WHEELING, VA., Aug. 9.

The following dispatches are received from Cumberland, 5th: My force repulsed the enemy again on yesterday at New Creek. Gens. McCausland and Bradley Johnson attacked the garrison at that post at 3 p. m. The fight continued till long after dark, but the enemy retreated during the night, leaving their killed and wounded. The enemy's loss is severe; ours not heavy, and will not exceed twenty-five killed and fifty wounded. The garrison made a most gallant defence, under command of Col. Stevenson.

Signed: B. F. KELLY, Brig. Gen.

NEW CREEK, WEST VA., Aug 5.

I have just arrived. The enemy were effectually repulsed and are rapidly retreating towards Moorfield. We have saved West Virginia from a terrible scourging by her invaders.

(signed) B. F. KELLY, Brig.-Gen.

NEW YORK, August 9th.

A special to the *World* from Washington the 8th, says: The invasion has partially subsided. Yesterday it was confidently believed that a battle would take place upon the old Sharpsburg ground, or in that neighborhood, but it is now believed that if the rebels had any serious intentions, they have given them up on finding how large a force was ready to contest their march into Pennsylvania. With the recent changes in command in Maryland and the present disposition of our forces, it will be impossible for the rebels to get as far as the Pennsylvania line without a desperate battle in which the odds will be against them. The heavy cavalry force heretofore absent under Grant, will now be concentrated on the upper Potomac, and instead of a rebel invasion of Pennsylvania, the country will be more likely to hear of the march of a heavy Federal column down the Shenandoah. Gen. Wright's command, at last accounts, were at Boonsboro in North Mountain Valley. The country may rest assured that the late invasion is over for the present.

Another *World's* special, says: The rebel movement on the upper Potomac was a feint to cover the sending of reinforcements. It is supposed that not less than 30,000 of Lee's veterans were sent to Atlanta. Much apprehension is felt in the matter.

The *Herald's* special, says: Grant has returned from the upper Potomac and started for City Point.

The *Tribune's* Army of the Potomac correspondent, says: Important movements are in progress, from which we may soon expect news.

Major-General Wallace has resumed command of the 8th army corps, and all other troops in the department from which he was temporarily relieved.

The troops of Gen. Hunter's command are temporarily assigned to the forces under Gen. Wright, who is relieved by such arrangement.

Receipts from the Internal Revenue now amounts to $1,000,000 a day.

Surgeon General Hammond has been suspended from rank and pay for three years.

The steamer *Fulton* arrived on Sunday with exchanged officers from

Charleston. They represent they were well treated. The prisoners confined in the interior of Georgia are being removed to Charleston, as the rebels do not consider them safe where they have been confined. One hundred officers arrived on the 3d.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 8th.

The latest reports from the valley represent the rebels in force south of Winchester. It is thought we will have an engagement with them there. This is on good authority.

CHICAGO, August 9th.

A Nashville dispatch says: Maynard Campbell and others of the Union State Committee, have published a call for a convention of the loyal people of the State, to be held at Nashville on the first Monday of September, to take into consideration means of reorganizing the civil government of Tennessee and the expediency of holding a Presidential election.

BUFFALO, August 9th.

This afternoon's *Commercial Advertiser* has some particulars about the reported raid on Buffalo. It appears the Provo Marshal of this city was led to believe that the rebels in Canada had organized to burn Buffalo and destroy the locks at Lockport. He laid the matter before Gen. Dix, who said he was aware of the existence of such a plot, but was unable to provide means to defeat it, but advised that measures be taken in the case. The Mayor has protested against the removal of the 74th regiment.

WASHINGTON, August 9th.

Information is received here that Gen. Averill, after overtaking the enemy at Moorfield, attacked and routed them and captured five or six hundred prisoners, including General Johnson (who subsequently escaped) and his whole staff, with their head-quarters and colors, all the rebel artillery train and a large quantity of small arms. McCauslad barely escaped by flying to the mountains.

NEW YORK, August 9th.

The *Commercial's* special from Washington, says: Great exultation exists over the news from Mobile. The blockade is being broken, and several of our best gunboats will be relieved. The sinking of the *Tecumseh*, is discredited.

A private dispatch from Washington, says: The news through rebel sources is encouraging. The capture of Mobile is confidently expected. We learn from the front that great excitement exists among the rebels, both at Atlanta and Richmond. It is thought that Sherman will take advantage of the confusion of the rebels and look for a battle movement.

Averill's victory in the valley is confirmed; his loss is slight.

Birney made a raid into Florida, destroying several bridges, and doing other damage. We hold Baldwin and Camp Milton.

A blockade runner entered Charleston on Wednesday.

Released officers report that since their confinement in Charleston, five blockade runners have come in. The firing on Charleston and Fort Sumter continues.

Cairo, August 9th.

Since Gen. Paine assumed command of this district, he has pursued a course which will ultimately result in ridding the district of secession sympathizers. His practice is characterized by extreme harshness to such as are not known for Union sentiments. He appears to believe that handling their friends without gloves, is the best course to aid our cause. No trade privileges are allowed secesh dealers in Paducah, Cairo, Columbus and Hickman. They must be known to be Union men before they can secure permission to sell goods to non-resident farmers.

Buffalo, August 9th.

Rumors are rife, but not traceable to any reliable source, that the rebel sympathizers in Canada contemplate an attack on Buffalo. It is understood the Government is informed of it. A meeting last night of the Mayor and prominent citizens was held, but it is not known what was determined on.

I. O. G. T.—Reese River Lodge, No. 2, Good Templars, is in a flourishing condition, there being sixty-four members. The following officers were installed on Monday last: C. D. Handy, C. T.; Mrs. M. Wixom, V. T.; G. H. Miles, Sec'y; C. Dumas, Treasurer; L. M. McKenney, W. F. S.; C. Young, Marshal; Miss Hattie Slocum, W. D. M.; Miss A. Ingham, W. I. G.; W. Applegarth, W. O. G.; Mrs. N. E. Holmes, R. H. S.; L. P. Webber, Chaplain; F. Drake, P. W. C. T.—*R. R. Reveille, Aug. 3d.*

☞ Perfect peace is not possible even in the deepest retirement. A wolf will creep into the most pastoral life.

☞ Why is the Central Park like Honest Old Abe, the railsplitter? Because its *mall* helped to make it popular.

OFFICE OF THE OVERLAND STAGE LINE,
Salt Lake City, Aug. 10th, '64.

REDUCTION OF FARE

—TO—

VIRGINIA CITY,

MONTANA TERRITORY.

On and after Monday next, the 15th inst., and until further notice, the fare from Salt Lake to Virginia City, Montana, will be

$25.00

—IN—

LEGAL TENDERS,

aug10-tf W. S. HALSEY, Agent.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

THE undersigned has opened the spacious house (near the Theater) lately occupied by Gen. Connor, as a first class private boarding house, where all the comforts of a home can be had, at reasonable rates.

PRICES:

Day boarders—per week, - - - - - - - - $13 00
With room, - - - - - - - - - - - - 15 00

aug10-1m M. McKELLY, Proprietor.

WANTED---FARM HANDS.

SIX OR EIGHT GOOD FARM HANDS WANTED FOR the country. Enquire at the Commissary Ware house, Salt Lake City. aug9-tf

WANTED.

FREIGHT FOR BOISE!

14,000 Pounds of Freight will be forwarded to Boise mines and vicinity, apply on or before the 12th inst., at
au4tf T. D. BROWN'S.

S. J. LEES'
PROVISION STORE,
on Main Street,
Great Salt Lake City, U. T.
Miners' and Traders' Outfitting Establishment. jy29-tf

POWERS, NEWMAN & CO.
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
The highest price paid for
COIN AND GOLD DUST.
Office in Godbe's Building a few doors below the Salt Lake House, East Temple Street. aug1-tf

BEN. HOLLADAY, New York. } { W. L. HALSEY, G. S. L. City.

HOLLADAY & HALSEY,
BANKERS.
At the office of the Overland Stage Line, Great Salt Lake City, will pay the highest rates for
GOLD DUST AND COIN.
Dust bought for Coin or Currency.
Cash paid for Government Vouchers.
Drafts payable in Coin or Currency sold on
New York,
San Francisco, Cal.,
Virginia City, Idaho,
Denver City, Colorado,
Atchinson, Kansas,
Portland, Oregon and
Victoria, British Columbia.
Postage Currency and Revenue Stamps for sale.
my2tf

AUSTIN M. CLARK, JNO. W. KERR, MILTON E. CLARK.

Clark & Co.,
BANKERS,
Great Salt Lake City,
DEALERS IN
COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT.

Correspond with Metropolitan Bank, New York; Clark & Co., Leavenworth; Clark & Co., Denver; Kerr by permission to Bank of Commerce, New York; Drexel & Co., Philadelphia.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.
JUST RECEIVED!
HEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

New Opening
During the great thaw through mail between the

A SPLENDID STOCK

—OF—

GOODS

WHICH COMPLETES OUR ASSORTMENT,

Overland Mail Company

and makes it the most

EXTENSIVE IN THE MARKET.

WALKER BROS.

aug10 6t

WHOLESALE HOUSE
—IN—
SALT LAKE CITY.
SALT LAKE TO ATCHISON,
BARROW & CO.,
EAST TEMPLE STREET,
(In the Store formerly occupied by WILLIAM JENNINGS,)

WILL receive by the 25th August, one of the Largest Stocks of Merchandise ever brought to this country, which they offer to the trade at a small advance on Eastern prices. Their Stock consists of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING,
ETC., ETC.

As their goods were bought before the recent great advance, they are enabled to offer great inducements to purchasers.

Merchants in the City and Territory, and from Boise, East Bannack and Virginia mines, are particularly invited to call and examine our stock and prices.

☞ The Highest price paid for produce of all kinds. aug-3tf

RANDOLPH & CO.,

New Goods! New Goods!!

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE
FINE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS,

CONSISTING IN

French Lawns, Chambrays, Calicoes,

SALT LAKE CITY TO VIRGINIA
is made
etc., etc., etc.,

In Fact Everything in the Ladies' Line.

Through Trip inside of Seven Days.

Also a Fine Stock of

Boots, Shoes, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

GOING IN TIME TO CONNECT WITH THE
OVERLAND STAGE FOR THE EAST.

OFFICE—First South Temple street, adjoining Ten Eyck & Co.'s new Store.

The Highest Price Paid for Gold Dust and Coin.

TAILOR,
Main Street, between 21 and 24 South Temple Streets.
REMAINING, DYEING AND NOT PRESSED. OLD Clothes taken in exchange. Bring your old clothes and get new made in exchange.

OLIVER & CO.
Continue to run their Bannack Express Line
ON REGULAR & TIME SCHEDULE
TIME: THREE AND A HALF DAYS!
THE SHORTEST ROAD BY SEVERAL MILES!!
Direct to Virginia City!!
The first return Coach from Kootenay Mines has arrived at Virginia. The Mines are favorably reported; hands making $16 per day. We continue to run a Stage direct to Kootenay since it went; distance five hundred miles; time, ten days.
A. S. OLIVER & CO.,
T. D. BROWN, Agent, Bannack.
G. S. L. City.

EUREKA LIVERY STABLES,
Next Building South of the
MANSION HOUSE,
Corner of Emigration Street and State Road
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.
These New, Large and Commodious
STABLES
Are now open for the accommodation of the Public.
Good Saddles and Horses always on hand.
Travelers will here find the best accommodations for stock, at the lowest market rates.
Cash paid for Hay and Grain.
ELSWORTH & TUPPS,
Proprietors.
je23tf

FIRST TRAIN FROM THE EAST!!
ANS. GILBERT, } { GRACE P. GILBERT, Bannack City
WM. GILBERT, } { Idaho Ter.
Salt Lake City.

GILBERT & SONS,
(Late "Abel Gilbert," next door to Salt Lake House)
are now receiving the most
MAGNIFICENT STOCK
OF
GENERAL ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,
Ever offered in the Territory, consisting of
SILKS, FRENCH LAWNS, CALICOES,
CHAMBRAY, COTTON, WOOLEN &
MIXED FABRICS, FLANNELS,
AND OTHER STAPLES,
Selected to suit this market.
ALSO: A LARGE AND
WELL SELECTED STOCK
OF
Groceries, Hardware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
And the latest assortment of late style
READY MADE CLOTHING,
Ever offered for sale here.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
jy16f GILBERT & SONS.

T. W. HAWORTH. DAN C. TUPPS.

MANSION HOUSE,
Cor. Emigration St. & State Road,
GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.
Trade to the most pleasant and best kept Hotel in Salt Lake City. It is conveniently situated, to all the places of business, and commands, also, the most delightful view of Mountain or city scenery it is unsurpassed. The tables will at all times be supplied with the best the country affords.
Prices to suit the times.
HAWORTH & TUPPS.

HEDGEMAN & TAILOR,
Main St., opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City,
[illegible]
Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Military Uniforms.

By-Laws of the [illegible] Valley Mining District.

At a meeting of the miners of the Meadow Valley Mining District, held at the Warm Spring, at the head of the aforesaid valley, Utah Territory, on the 18th day of March, A. D., 1864, [illegible] was called to the Chair, and Stephen Sherwood appointed Secretary. The Chairman announced the object of the meeting to be for the purpose of organizing a mining district. J. N. Vandermark moved to adopt the following Laws to govern and control the mining operations of the district, which were passed:

Article 1. This District shall commence at the Warm Spring at the head of Meadow Valley, Washington county, Utah Territory, and running due south thirty miles; due north from said Spring, thirty miles; due east thirty miles; and due west thirty miles from said Warm Spring, making a district of sixty miles square.

Article 2. The extent of a location on a quartz lode or mineral vein, shall be two hundred feet to the claim along the lode, with a width of five hundred feet on each side of the lode, including all its dips, angles, spurs, depth, width, off-shoots, out-crops, variations and the mineral and other values therein contained. The discoverer and locator of a lead shall be entitled to one claim extra, for discovery.

Article 3. No person will be permitted to hold more than one claim by location on any one vein; by purchase, any number of claims can be held.

Article 4. All claims shall be measured on a horizontal line, and numbered 1, 2 and 3, if from the discovery claim either way.

Article 5. Each Company must do one faithful days work on each claim in each month after the same shall have been located one year; on a failure to do so, the claim or claims will be subject to re-location by any other person; *provided*, however, that if the Company are prevented from working by local insurrection or rebellion, [illegible] so will not forfeit their claims.

Article 6. All examinations of records must be made in the presence of the Recorder or his Deputy.

Article 7. Work done in any tunnel, cut, shaft, drift, water ditch or water privilege, in good faith, shall be considered as being done on the claim owned by such person or persons, or company.

Article 8. Every claim, whether by an individual or company, located, shall be recorded within [illegible] after [illegible] location.

Article 9. All caims for gold surface diggings in this District, shall be two hundred feet in length, and two hundred feet in width.

Article 10. Locators on veins of coal or iron, shall be entitled to five hundred feet for each location, and five hundred feet additional for the discoverer; and shall in all other respects be subject to and enjoy all the privileges and immunities of these laws.

Article 11. All locations made on water for mining, ditch, mill privileges, or for irrigation purposes, shall be respected, and the same be recorded in the book or books of the District Recorder, and shall in all other respects be subject to and enjoy all the privileges and immunities of these laws.

Article 12. Whenever three hundred dollars shall have been expended upon the claims of any company in this district, the ground so claimed by said company, shall be deemed as belonging in fee to the locators, or company [illegible] and shall not be subject to location or re-location by other parties ever after, except by an acknowledged abandonment by the company of the ground, which shall be construed to mean an entire abandonment after lying idle one year, except in cases where claims are in litigation.

Article 13. No person shall be permitted to vote in this district—under these laws—unless he is a claim holder (pertaining to mining) and a resident of the district ten days previous to the election.

Article 14. A special election can only be called by written notices, posted up in at least three public places in the district, and signed by at least one half of the voters of the district; said notices shall be posted up by the Recorder twenty days prior to the election.

Article 15. It shall be the duty of the Recorder (if required by the locator) to give a certificate of the metes and bounds of each claim or number recorded, and receive a compensation of [illegible] for [illegible]

Article 16. [illegible] Recorder elected from among the miners of the district, whose duty it shall be to record all numbers of claims presented for that purpose, giving the name of each number and owner, and receive a sum not exceeding one dollar from each number or owner; provided, however, that it shall not be lawful for the Recorder to record any claim that conflicts with a prior location. The Recorder shall hold his office for one [illegible] until his successor is chosen, which successor can only be elected by a majority of the miners of the district.

Article 17. On motion of Thomas Rice, Stephen Sherwood was elected Recorder for one year from this date, March 18th, A. D. 1864.

On motion, the meeting adjourned sine die.

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC STATES.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

WHICH CONNECTS AT SALT LAKE CITY WITH

Overland Mail Company

To and from Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

EXTENSIVE IN THE MARKET.

Coaches for Atchison leave every day at nine A. M.

A Treasure and Freight Express

WHOLESALE HOUSE

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE CITY,

SALT LAKE AND ATCHISON,

BARROW & CO.,

In charge of the most Competent and Trustworthy

Messengers.

This Line also runs

FORTNIGHTLY COACHES

Carrying Passengers and Express Matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Idaho, via.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, CLOTHING,

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannack.

Time to Denver, . . . Six days.

Time to Atchison, . . . Twelve days

W. E. HALSEY, Agent.

OVERLAND MAIL CO.

TO VIRGINIA, NEVADA TERRITORY, IN 5 DAYS.

United States Mail from Salt Lake City to Virginia, Nevada Territory, forms in connection with the Overland Stage Line, East, and the Pioneer Stage Company, West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

ATCHISON, KANSAS, AND PLACERVILLE, CAL.

and a perfect line of communication between

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this Line are NEAT AND COMMODIOUS, and special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

SALT LAKE CITY TO VIRGINIA,

is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville,

Through Trip Inside of Seven Days.

COACHES LEAVE

SALT LAKE CITY DAILY, AT 10 P. M.

ARRIVE FROM THE EASTWARD EVERY MORNING IN TIME TO CONNECT WITH THE OVERLAND STAGE FOR THE EAST.

OFFICE.—First South Temple street, adjoining Jennings's new Store.

H. S. HUMPHREY, Agent.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, July 1st, 1864. jy11tf

DAILY UNION VEDETTE

Book, Card, and Job

PRINTING

OFFICE.

We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PRINTING

SUCH AS

HAND BILLS, BALL TICKETS,

BILL HEADS, LETTER HEADS,

CHECKS, MINING CERTIFICATES,

DRAFTS, PROGRAMMES

CIRCULARS, WAY-BILLS,

VISITING, WEDDING, AND BUSINESS

CARDS, ETC., ETC.

And can execute the same in neat style, and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

Specimens of work can be seen at the office of the "Daily Union Vedette," Camp Douglas, U. T.

Redington & Co.'s

ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER,

This valuable preparation containing in a highly concentrated form all the properties of the Jamaica Ginger, has become one of the most popular domestic remedies, for all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs.

As a tonic it will be found invaluable to all persons recovering from debility, whether produced by fever or otherwise, for whilst it imparts to the system all the glow and vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy, it is entirely free from the reactionary effects that follow the use of spirits of any kind.

It is also an excellent remedy for females who suffer from difficult menstruation, giving almost immediate relief to the spasms that so frequently accompany that period.

It gives immediate relief to nausea, caused by riding in a railroad car, or by sea sickness or other causes.

It is also valuable as an external application for gout, rheumatism, neuralgia, etc.

Ask for Redington & Co.'s Essence of Jamaica Ginger, as none other is pure and reliable

Redington & Co., Proprietors,
416 and 418 Front street,
San Francisco

Stop that Coughing!

Some of you can't, and we pity you. You have tried every remedy but the one destined, by its intrinsic merit, to supersede all similar preparations. It is not surprising you should be reluctant to try something else after the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds foisted on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S
PULMONARY SYRUP

Is really the very best remedy ever compounded for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Consumption. Thousands of people in California and Oregon have been already benefited by the surprising curative powers of

NEWELL'S
PULMONARY SYRUP,

And with one accord give it their unqualified approbation. We now address ourselves to all who are unacquainted with this, the greatest Panacea of the age, for the healing of all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, assuring you that

NEWELL'S
PULMONARY SYRUP

Has cured thousands, and it will cure you if you try it.

This invaluable medicine is pleasant to the taste; soothing, healing and strengthening in its effects; entirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs, and perfectly harmless under all circumstances.

Certificates from many prominent citizens of San Francisco accompanying every bottle of

NEWELL'S
PULMONARY SYRUP.

REDINGTON & Co., Agents,
San Francisco

And for sale everywhere.

DR. TOWNS EY'S
INDIAN
VEGETABLE TOOTH ACHE ANODYNE

Is purely a vegetable preparation, which is

Warranted to Cure the Toothache in One Minute.

Caused by decay in the tooth. It will cure scurvy on the gums. It will harden the gums and cause them to adhere to the teeth. It will cure gum boils, heal and remove all soreness of the gums. It will sweeten the breath. It will be found valuable for children cutting teeth, or having swollen gums. It is an Indian preparation, and the recipe for making it was purchased by the proprietor from the Pawnee tribe of Indians, in the Platte country.

IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS!

Providence has provided in Nature plants and roots that are remedies for all the ills of suffering humanity. This preparation contains no poisonous acids or mineral substances whatever. It has been extensively used, with universal satisfaction in all cases.

Who would suffer with this most distressing affliction when one 25 cent bottle will cure instantaneously?

Sold by all the principal druggists, and by

REDINGTON & Co.,
416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco,
Sole Agents.

Dr. Mott's
VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

WILL CURE

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Fevers, and all Bilious Diseases.

These pills are made from vegetables, chemically extracted. After being used once, the person having used them will use no others.

For sale by all Dealers in Family Medicines.

A. L. SCOTT & Co., Proprietors,
Cincinnati, Ohio.

For sale everywhere. Try them! Try them!

REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco,
Sole Agents.